

# SMARTDRIVE CT

## HYDROSTATIC TRANSMISSIONS



T E C H N I C A L   C A T A L O G

**Methodology :**

This document is intended for manufacturers of machines that incorporate Poclain Hydraulics products. It describes the technical characteristics of Poclain Hydraulics products and specifies installation conditions that will ensure optimum operation. This document includes important comments concerning safety. They are indicated in the following way:

**Safety comment.**

This document also includes essential operating instructions for the product and general information. These are indicated in the following way:

**Essential instructions.****General information .****Information on the model number.****Weight of component without oil.****Volume of oil.****Units.****Tightening torque.****Screws.****Information intended for Poclain-Hydraulics personnel.**

The views in this document are created using metric standards.

The dimensional data is given in mm and in inches (inches are given in brackets in italic)





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# FOREWORD

## Introduction

Poclain Hydraulics has created and developed Smart Drive™ CT (Controller Transmission), a system that simplifies and optimizes the running of hydrostatic transmissions (e.g. mobile machinery).

It includes a computer that regulates the running of the hydrostatic transmission components (engine, hydraulic pump, hydraulic motors and brakes) through sensors and actuators.

The embedded software manages the machine's ground drive speed according to the driver setting, and the programmed acceleration and deceleration ramps. These ramps, which are among the many parameters that enable the machine's behavior to be customized, determine the vehicle's responsiveness and progressiveness.

The combination of the flexibility of the electronics and the power of the hydraulics makes this a system that can be adapted and set up for all driving styles.

## Functions

Specific to each application, in general, the system offers:

- Hydrostatic transmission control;
- Automatic displacement shift;
- Management of engine rotation speed;
- Power limitation;
- Anti-stall;
- Brake management;
- Signalling,
- Speed regulation (Cruise control),
- Limp mode management.

## Examples of parameters

The parameters can be set for each application, using either the PHASES™ CT software. They may also be subject to special access authorization.

They govern:

- The pump (displacement threshold for shifting from 1st to 2nd displacement; maximum permitted displacement);
- Engine (speed, etc.);
- Hydraulic motors (displacement);
- Brake valves (dynamic brake pressure at rest);
- Sensors (emergency brake pressure detection threshold, etc.);
- Cruise control function;
- Driving modes, (automotive etc).



## Examples of available functions



SmartDrive™ CT controller is delivered without embedded software. Contact your Poclain Hydraulics sales engineer to define embedded software which fits to your application.

### Driving modes

The driver can have two standard operating configurations:

#### [ Road Mode ]

This is an **automotive** type of driving, similar to an automatic transmission. The transmission ratio is determined automatically by the load management of the engine, pump displacement and hydraulic motor displacement. The load on the engine is therefore related to the vehicle speed, resulting in the reduction of pollution and fuel consumption.

#### [ Field Mode ]

The speed of the engine is constant; the auxiliary tools consume most of its power.



It is possible to define other modes, depending on the nature of the work to be carried out and the environment. Contact your Poclain Hydraulics sales engineer.

The ground drive parameters may thus be different from one [ Field Mode ] to another. Shifting between modes is done under different safety conditions managed by the SmartDrive™ CT controller.

### Automatic displacement shift

The SmartDrive™ CT transmission varies speed continually.

Depending on the acceleration or brake settings issued by the driver, hydraulic motor displacement shift is seamless. This is accomplished by simultaneous pump displacement control and motor displacement shift control.

Therefore, since the operation is practically entirely automatic, the driver can focus on tasks with higher added value, such as the machine's working functions, and, particularly, tool management.

### Management of engine rotation speed

The SmartDrive™ CT controller can fully manage the engine via the CAN Bus.

The SmartDrive™ CT controller optimizes the rotation speed of the engine for the requested power level.

### Anti-stall function

This function reduces the pump displacement to prevent the engine stalling if the power required by the hydrostatic transmission exceeds the engine's available power.

### Limitation of ground drive power

Some machines have engines that are oversized for the ground drive power requirement when the on-board tools are turned-off [ Field Mode ]. In [ Road Mode ], there is no protection and the engine's full power is available. Limiting the integrated power in a transmission controlled by a SmartDrive™ CT controller therefore protects the hydrostatic transmission from possible excess output, which could cause irreversible damage over time.

### Brake management

#### Service brake (dynamic)

The brake pedal:

- Activates mechanical braking,
- Reduces pump displacement via the SmartDrive™ CT controller.

The braking system is of the **combined type**, i.e. the mechanical braking torque combines with the hydrostatic transmission's braking torque (pump displacement reduced).

The SmartDrive™ CT controller manages the pump and hydraulic motor displacement reduction by taking account of the level of mechanical braking.

#### Brake pedal only

Adjusts the hydrostatic braking.

#### Parking brake

The parking brake is held by the spring force.

To deactivate this brake, the driver operates a switch, a lever or a foot control. These components then transmit pressure to the brake pistons, which cancel out the spring force.



## Emergency stop



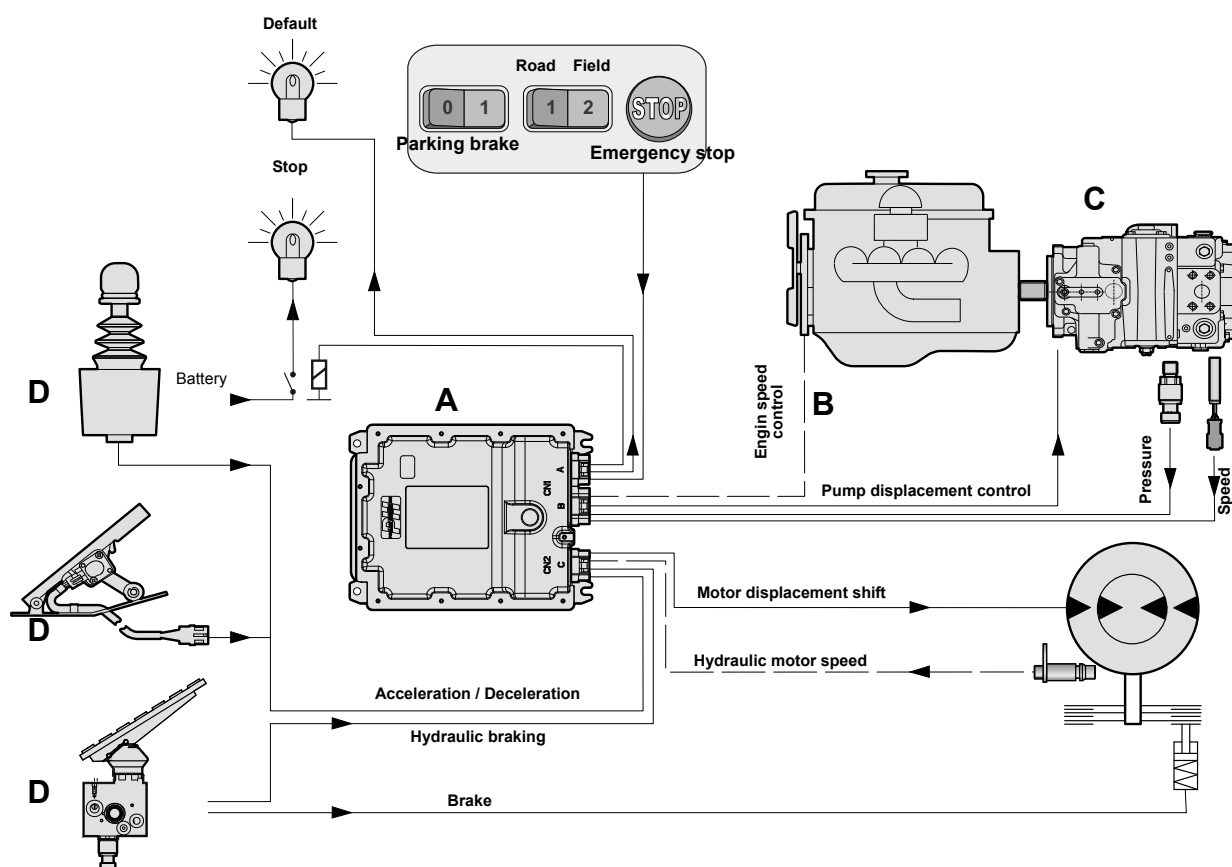
If the parking brake switch is activated for an emergency stop, the mechanical parking brakes acts and the hydrostatic brake engages by means of a pump displacement ramp managed by the SmartDrive™ CT controller.

## Constant speed with combined auxiliary control

In [ **Field Mode** ], the machine's ground drive speed remains constant in spite of the acceleration of the engine required for the auxiliary functions.

The operator, now freed from controlling the speed, can concentrate on tasks with higher added value.

## Example of hydrostatic transmission control on a vehicle.



### Description :

- A - An SmartDrive™ CT controller that controls transmission,
- B - An engine command with a CAN Bus link,
- C - A pump fitted with displacement control solenoids, a speed sensor and a 600-bar pressure sensor,
- D - A joystick or pedal, mode selection switch, default light, stop light, speed sensor display, etc.

### Signalling

The SmartDrive™ CT controller manages signalling (braking, reverse lights, warning beep, etc.) depending on the ground drive condition.

### CAN Bus Communication

The SmartDrive™ CT controller presents a standard 2.0A or extended 2.0B CAN interface.

When connected to the machine's CAN network, the SmartDrive™ CT controller can therefore:

- Receive messages (joystick, selectors, reading engine rotation speed, etc.)
- Send messages (engine setting, signalling, fault indicator, error message, etc.)



CAN adjustment requires a configuration that depends on the complexity of the CAN architecture for each manufacturer. Contact your Poclain Hydraulics sales engineer.



## SmartDrive™ CT controller characteristics



Contact your Poclain Hydraulics sales engineer for all adaptations.

Commercial name		SD-CT-200	SD-CT-300
Part number		A46841P	A46842Q
Operating voltage		8 V to 32 V	
Operating temperature		- 40°C to 85°C [-40 °F to 185°F]	
Overall dimensions		See below	
Material		- Aluminum AlSi <sub>9</sub> Cu <sub>3</sub> (Box) - PA66 plastic with 20% of fiberglass (cap) - Silicon (seal)	
Mass		1,270 kg ±10% [2,76 lb] ±10%	
Mounting		4 x Ø 7 mm 4 x [0.275" dia.]	
Controller Ingress Protection with counterpart connectors mounted		IP 67 (according to EN60529 oct 1992)	
Max. quiescent current consumption (ignition switched off with VBAT_Dx switched on)		<5 mA	
Max. quiescent current consumption (ignition switched off with VBAT_Dx switched off)		<100 µA	
12V system max current		35,4 A	
24V system max current		17 A	
Maximum usage profile:	12V System: (Supply voltage 16V)	- 6 HSD PWM outputs 400Hz, 95% 8 Ω loads - 4 HSD digital outputs on, 6.15 Ω loads	- 8 HSD PWM outputs 400Hz, 95% 8 Ω loads - 4 HSD digital outputs on, 6.15 Ω loads - 4 HSD digital outputs on, 8Ω loads
	24V System: (Supply voltage 32V)	- 6 HSD PWM outputs 400Hz, 95% 32Ω loads - 4 HSD digital outputs on, 32Ω loads	- 8 HSD PWM outputs 400Hz, 95% 32Ω loads - 8 HSD digital outputs on, 32Ω loads
Performance level		Capacity to reach PL d level according to ISO13849:2015 standard	
Mean Time To Failure (MTTF)		85,1 years (ambient temperature of 40°C [104°F]) with operating profil of 11,87% (4 hours per day, 5 days per week, 52 weeks per year)	66,7 years (ambient temperature of 40°C [104°F]) with operating profil of 11,87% (4 hours per day, 5 days per week, 52 weeks per year)
Mean Time To Dangerous Failure (MTTFd)		224.2 years	173.1 years
Diagnostic Coverage (DC)		90,9% (medium)	90,7% (medium)
Category		2	2
Electrical protection		Over-voltage, reverse polarity, ground and battery short circuit	
Microcontroller		One 32 bits microcontroller and one 8 bits microcontroller	
ECU programming		Programming with a PC using the PHASES™-CT software application	
ECU set-up		Set-up with the software PHASES™-CT	
Universal inputs (UN)		9	15
Analog inputs (AN)		11	17
Frequency inputs (FIN)		5	8
Wake-Up Input (WUI)		1	1
Ground sense input (GND_SENSE)		1	1
HSD PWM 2A outputs*		6	8
HSD DIG 2,6A outputs*		4	4
HSD DIG 2A outputs*		0	4
Low Side Digital output (LSD) 4A		0	3
Low Side Digital output (LSD) 5,2A		3	3
Sensor supply 5V		1	1





*Max. current following usage profile	SD-CT-200		SD-CT-300	
	12V system	24V system	12V system	24V system
Sum of HSD PWR output current	≤12A	≤6A	≤16A	≤8A
Sum of HSD digital output current	≤10,4A	≤4A	≤18,4A	≤8A

## Environmental performances



For any information request concerning qualification tests (steady state, transient, climatic, mechanical, corrosive atmosphere, ESD and ECM), Contact your Poclain Hydraulics sales engineer.

### ESD and EMC:

Electromagnetic compatibility of vehicles is required by European Union. The vehicle manufacturers have to submit a technical file or a sample of their machine at a qualified service center certification.

The SmartDrive™ CT controller passed with success the electromagnetic compatibility tests of electronic sub-assembly.

Type	Standard	Parameters
EC marking	2004/108/EC	
Electro-Magnetic Compatibility	EN/ISO14982:2009	Agricultural and forestry machines
Electro-Magnetic Compatibility	EN13309:2010	Construction machines
Electro-Magnetic Compatibility	EN12895:2000	Forklifts
E marking	2004/104/EC	Automotive EMC directive



On demand Poclain Hydraulics will deliver list and severity levels of EMC tests.



## SmartDrive™ CT input characteristics

### Universal inputs (UN)

Inputs are software selectable as:

- 0-32V measurement
- 0-5V measurement (UN 01 to 08)
- Digital High Side switch
- Digital Low Side switch

The selection of the configuration is done individually from input UN01 to UN08 and by group of 4 for the other inputs. These inputs are protected against short circuits to ground, battery and negative voltage up to -1V.

#### 0-32V measurement configuration

Input range	0 to 32V
Input resistance	> 11,9 kΩ from UN01 to UN08 > 20,3 kΩ from UN09 to UN15
Resolution	12 bits
Sampling rate	1 kHz
Full scale accuracy	±5,5%

#### 0-5V measurement configuration

Input range	0 to 5V
Input resistance	100 kΩ
Resolution	12 bits
Sampling rate	1 kHz
Full scale accuracy	±2,1%

#### Digital High Side configuration

Input range	0 to 32V
Threshold adjustable by software	Default values: - Low level switching threshold : 3V - High level switching threshold : 6 V
Switch current	10,8 mA from UN 01 to 08 9,8 mA from UN 09 to 15

#### Digital Low Side configuration

Input range	0 to 32V
Threshold adjustable by software	Default values: - Low level switching threshold : 3V - High level switching threshold : 6 V
Switch current	8,4 mA Input at 0V, supply voltage at 28V

### Analog inputs (AN)

These inputs are populated to perform 0-5V measurement.

These inputs are protected against short-circuit to ground and battery and negative voltage until -1V.

#### 0-5V measurement configuration

Input range	0 to 5V
Input resistance	100 kΩ
Resolution	12 bits
Sampling rate	1 kHz
Full scale accuracy	±2,1%

### Frequency inputs (FIN)

Inputs are software selectable as:

- Open Collector PNP VBAT voltage frequency measurement
- Open Collector NPN VBAT voltage frequency measurement
- Open Collector NPN 0-5V voltage frequency measurement (FIN\_01 only)

Selection is made individually for each input.

These inputs are protected against short-circuit to ground and battery and negative voltage until -1V.

**OC PNP VBAT voltage frequency measurement configuration:**

Input range	0,1 Hz to 30 KHz 0 to 32V	
Switch current	9,6 mA	input to 28V
Trigger levels	Low 2V High 3,8V	Compatible with sensors supplied with 0-VBAT and 0-5V
Accuracy (Hz)	$\pm \left[ \text{Frequency} - \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\text{Frequency}} + 10^{-6}} \right]$	

**OC NPN VBAT voltage frequency measurement configuration:**

Input range	0,1 Hz to 30 KHz 0 to 32V	
Switch current	9,3 mA	Input at 0V, battery voltage at 28V
Trigger levels	Low 2V High 3,8V	Compatible with sensors supplied with 0-VBAT and 0-5V
Accuracy (Hz)	$\pm \left[ \text{Frequency} - \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\text{Frequency}} + 10^{-6}} \right]$	

**OC NPN 0-5V voltage frequency measurement configuration:**

Input range	0,1 Hz to 30 KHz 0 to 5V	
Switch current	4,5 mA	Input at 0V
Trigger levels	Low 2V High 3,8V	Compatible with sensors supplied with 0-VBAT and 0-5V
Accuracy (Hz)	$\pm \left[ \text{Frequency} - \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\text{Frequency}} + 10^{-6}} \right]$	

**Wake-up input (WUI)**

This input allows to wake up or sleep the controller.  
It has to be connected after ignition key (see supply wiring schematic page 33).

A voltage from 8V to 32V wakes up the controller.  
A missing voltage sleeps the controller.

**Ground sense input (GND\_SENSE)**

This input must be wired together with the other ground signals to a unique point.



As soon as GND\_SENSE signal will be disconnected, the controller will de-activate all its outputs.



## SmartDrive™ CT outputs characteristics

PWM and digital outputs are protected against short-circuit to ground / over-current and battery, over-temperature and under- voltage.

LSD outputs are protected against short-circuit to battery and over-temperature.

Sensor supply 5V output is protected against short-circuits to battery and ground and over-temperature.

### PWM outputs 2A

These outputs can be configured in PWM mode and current control.

#### Description

DC voltage (ON state)	>(Battery voltage - 1V)
DC current	2 A max. * (see page 8 "Controller characteristics")
PWM frequency	100 to 400 Hz
PWM duty cycle	0% or 5 to 100% Resolution of 0,4%
Current sense range	0 - 3 A
Current sense resolution	2 mA
Current sense full scale accuracy	±2%

### Digital outputs 2,6A

#### Description

DC voltage (On state)	>(Battery voltage - 1V)
DC current	2,6 A max. * (see page 8 "Controller characteristics")

### Digital outputs 2A

#### Description

DC voltage (On state)	>(Battery voltage - 1V)
DC current	2 A max. * (see page 8 "Controller characteristics")

### LSD outputs 5,2 A

#### Description

DC voltage (On state)	1V max.
DC current	5,2 A max.

### LSD outputs 4 A

#### Description

DC voltage (On state)	1V max.
DC current	4 A max.

### Sensor supply 5V output

#### Description

DC voltage (On state)	5V ±4%
DC current	400 mA max.

### Communication

SmartDrive™ CT controller has 3 CAN standard 2.0A or extended 2.0B buses, whose speed can reach 500kb / s max.

CAN 1 is used for downloading, diagnostic and communication with other Poclain Hydraulics components.

CAN 2 is used for communication with engine and other machine ECUs.

CAN 3 is available as additional communication channel.

### LED

Controller in sleep mode: the led is off.

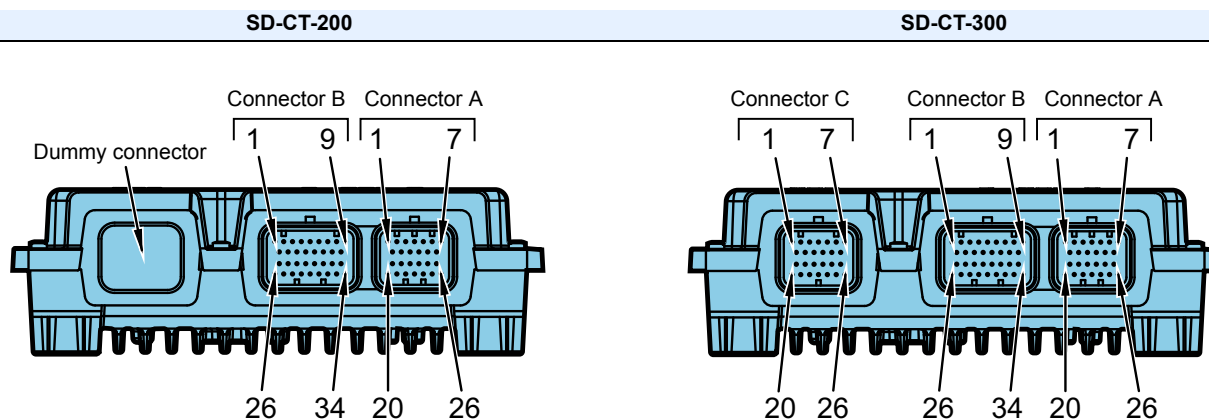
Controller is operational : the led flashes.



## Pin description

Number each wire using numbered plastic rings. Each cable must be securely fixed to the machine with clips placed every 200 mm [7.87 in].

Sections are given (for information only) in mm<sup>2</sup> for a 10 meter [39.37 in] length at an operating temperature of < 85 °C [185 °F].



### Connector A:

PIN	Name	Function	Wire section mm <sup>2</sup>
1	VBAT_WUI	Wake Up Input	0,75 to 1,25
2	LSD_03	Digital Low Side Output 5,2A	1,25
3	LSD_02	Digital Low Side Output 5,2A	1,25
4	LSD_01	Digital Low Side Output 5,2A	1,25
5	STOR_01	Digital High Side Output 2,6A	1,25
6	CAN3_Low	CAN low	0,75 to 1,25
7	VBAT_P	Power Supply (permanent)	1,25
8	PWM_01	PWM high side output 2A	1,25
9	CAN_ID	CAN ID input	0,75 to 1,25
10	ANA_08	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
11	UN_07	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V/0-5V)	0,75 to 1,25
12	CAN3_H120	CAN termination resistor (to connect to CAN low)	0,75 to 1,25
13	CAN3_High	CAN high	0,75 to 1,25
14	UN_09	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V)	0,75 to 1,25
15	ANA_07	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
16	UN_08	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V/0-5V)	0,75 to 1,25
17	ANA_09	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
18	ANA_11	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
19	5V_sensor	5V reference voltage output	0,75 to 1,25
20	AGND	Analog ground	1,25
21	FIN_05	Frequency input (HS/LS)	0,75 to 1,25
22	FIN_04	Frequency input (HS/LS)	0,75 to 1,25
23	-VBAT	Power ground	1,25
24	ANA_10	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
25	UN_06	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V/0-5V)	0,75 to 1,25
26	-VBAT	Power ground	1,25



## Connector B:

PIN	Name	Function	Wire section mm <sup>2</sup>
1	CAN1_High	CAN high	0,75 to 1,25
2	CAN1_Low	CAN low	0,75 to 1,25
3	PWM_04	PWM high side output 2A	1,25
4	PWM_05	PWM high side output 2A	1,25
5	UN_01	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V/0-5V)	0,75 to 1,25
6	UN_03	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V/0-5V)	0,75 to 1,25
7	STOR_03	Digital High Side Output 2,6A	1,25
8	VBAT_D1	Power supply for outputs	1,25
9	VBAT_D1	Power supply for outputs	1,25
10	CAN2_High	CAN high	0,75 to 1,25
11	CAN1_H120	CAN termination resistor (to connect to CAN low)	0,75 to 1,25
12	STOR_04	Digital High Side Output 2,6A	1,25
13	ANA_03	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
14	UN_02	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V/0-5V)	0,75 to 1,25
15	UN_04	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V/0-5V)	0,75 to 1,25
16	PWM_03	PWM high side output 2A	1,25
17	PWM_02	PWM high side output 2A	1,25
18	CAN2_Low	CAN low	0,75 to 1,25
19	VBAT_D2	Power supply for outputs	1,25
20	VBAT_D2	Power supply for outputs	1,25
21	FIN_02	Frequency input (HS/LS)	0,75 to 1,25
22	UN_05	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V/0-5V)	0,75 to 1,25
23	ANA_05	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
24	ANA_01	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
25	STOR_02	Digital High Side Output 2,6A	1,25
26	PWM_06	PWM high side output 2A	1,25
27	CAN2_H120	CAN termination resistor (to connect to CAN low)	0,75 to 1,25
28	-VBAT	Power ground	1,25
29	FIN_01	Frequency input (HS/LS Vbat/LS 5V/0-32V)	0,75 to 1,25
30	FIN_03	Frequency input (HS/LS)	0,75 to 1,25
31	ANA_04	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
32	ANA_06	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
33	ANA_02	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
34	GND_SENSE	Ground sense input	0,75 to 1,25

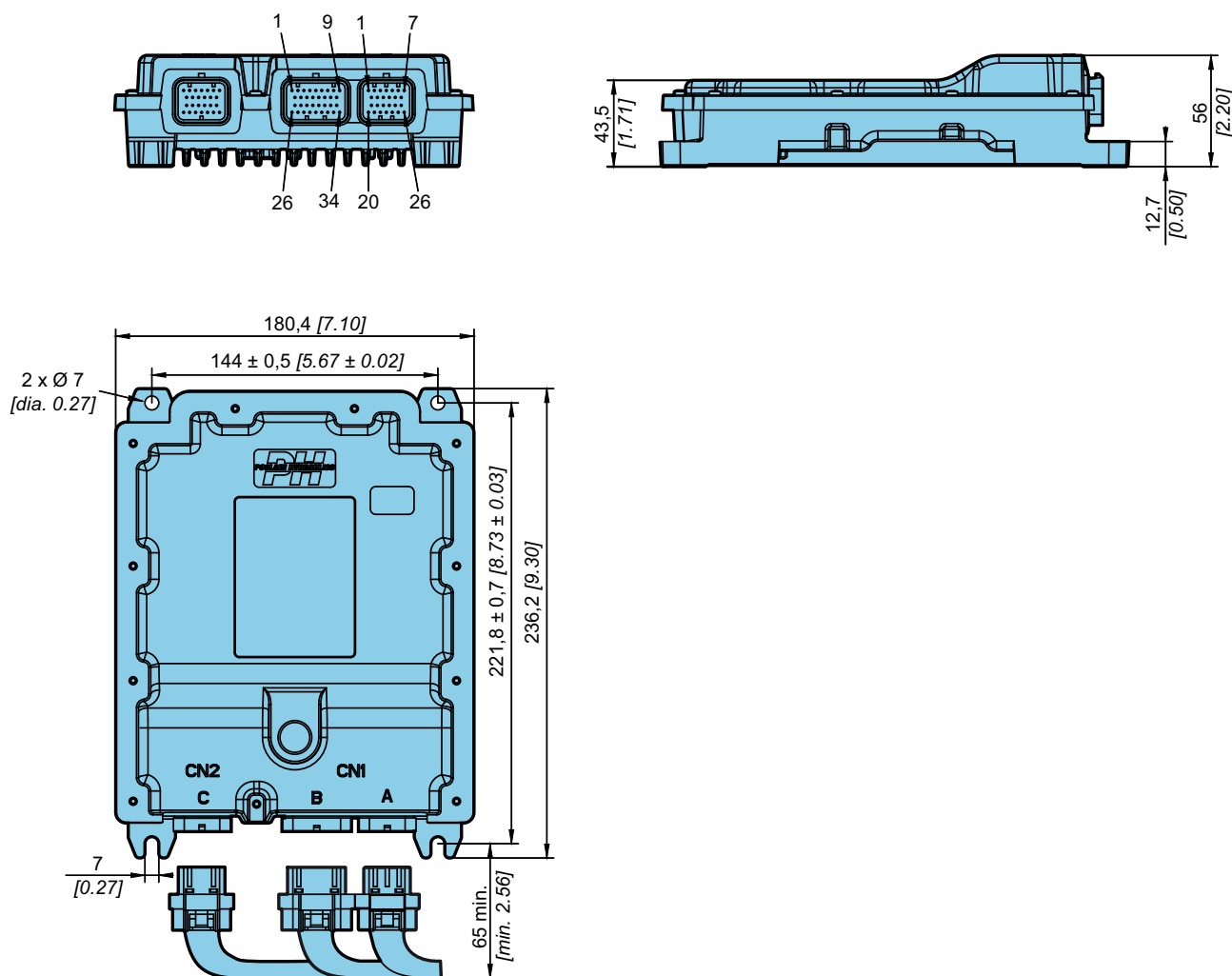
## Connector C:

PIN	Name	Function	Wire section mm <sup>2</sup>
1	STOR_08	Digital High Side Output 2A	1,25
2	LSD_06	Digital Low Side Output 4A	1,25
3	STOR_07	Digital High Side Output 2A	1,25
4	PWM_07	PWM high side output 2A	1,25
5	STOR_06	Digital High Side Output 2A	1,25
6	STOR_05	Digital High Side Output 2A	1,25
7	LSD_05	Digital Low Side Output 4A	1,25
8	ANA_17	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
9	UN_10	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V)	0,75 to 1,25
10	PWM_08	PWM high side output 2A	1,25
11	UN_13	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V)	0,75 to 1,25
12	UN_14	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V)	0,75 to 1,25
13	LSD_04	Digital Low Side Output 5,2A	1,25
14	VBAT_D3	Power supply for outputs	1,25
15	FIN_08	Frequency input (HS/LS)	0,75 to 1,25
16	UN_11	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V)	0,75 to 1,25
17	ANA_16	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
18	ANA_15	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
19	UN_15	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V)	0,75 to 1,25
20	-VBAT	Power ground	1,25
21	FIN_06	Frequency input (HS/LS)	0,75 to 1,25
22	FIN_07	Frequency input (HS/LS)	0,75 to 1,25



23	UN_12	Universal input (HS/LS/0-32V)	0,75 to 1,25
24	ANA_14	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
25	ANA_13	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25
26	ANA_12	Analog input 0-5V	0,75 to 1,25

### Overall dimensions of the Smart Drive™ CT controller

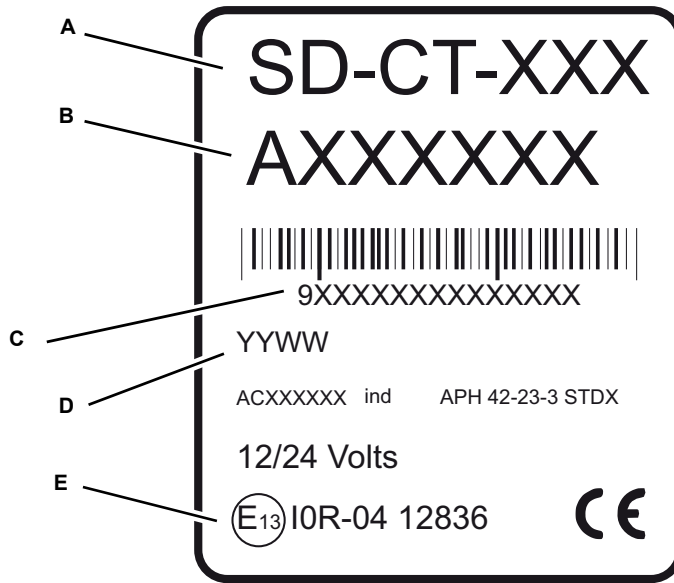


Characteristics

Installation



## Identification of the component



- A** : Commercial name  
e.g. SD-CT-200 or SD-CT-300
- B** : Part number and update:  
e.g. A46841P or A46842Q
- C** : Serial number (Shop number):  
e.g. 925198745365874
- D** : Number of chronological order (2 digits for year + 2 digits for week):  
e.g. 1344
- E** : E marking number



The part number must be given for all replacement part orders.

## Software installation

To work, your system needs a SmartDrive™CT controller as well as the embedded software that will be loaded onto the controller.

For loading this software:

Poclain Hydraulics or your distributor has sent you the embedded software on a CD-rom, by e-mail or by another means. Use the PC PHASES™ CT software to transfer the application to the SmartDrive™ CT controller.

## System setting

Use the PHASES™ CT software to set up the system:



For further information about the PHASES™ CT software application, consult the online help or PHASES™ CT catalogue.



For further information, see PHASES™ CT user guide no. A48679M.





## Set-up with the PHASES™ CT software application

- Install the PHASES™ CT software (see installation guide n° A48679M).
- Connect the SmartDrive™ CT controller to the PC by connecting the PC's USB to controller's communication connector (CAN bus link) via cable COM-CABLE-SD-CT-300-PC (P/N A48183X), SUBD9 connector with integrated 120Ω termination resistor and adapter CABLE-USB-CAN-CONVERTER (P/N A48780W).

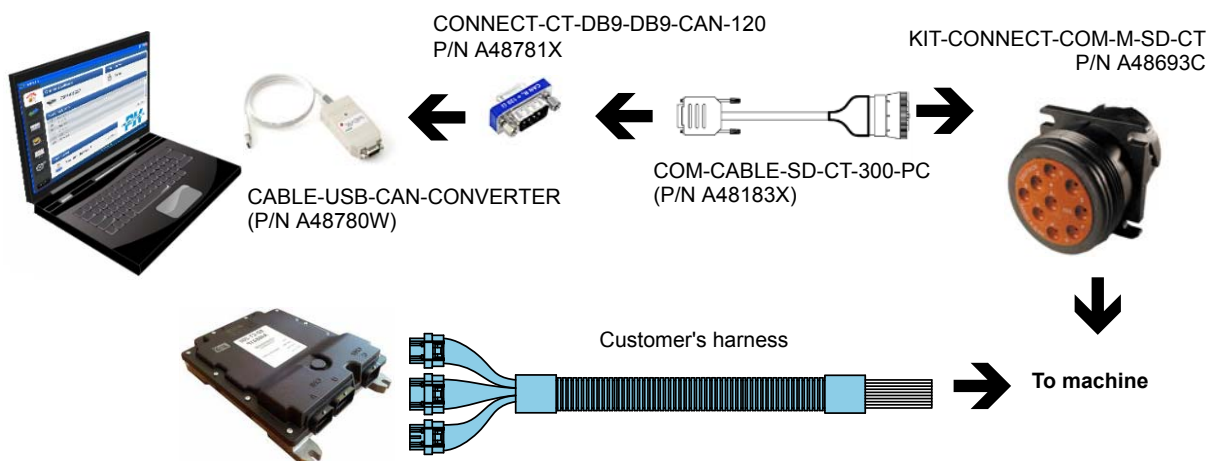


These cables are supplied with PHASES™ CT in the B29588K-KIT-CABLE-PHASES-CT kit.

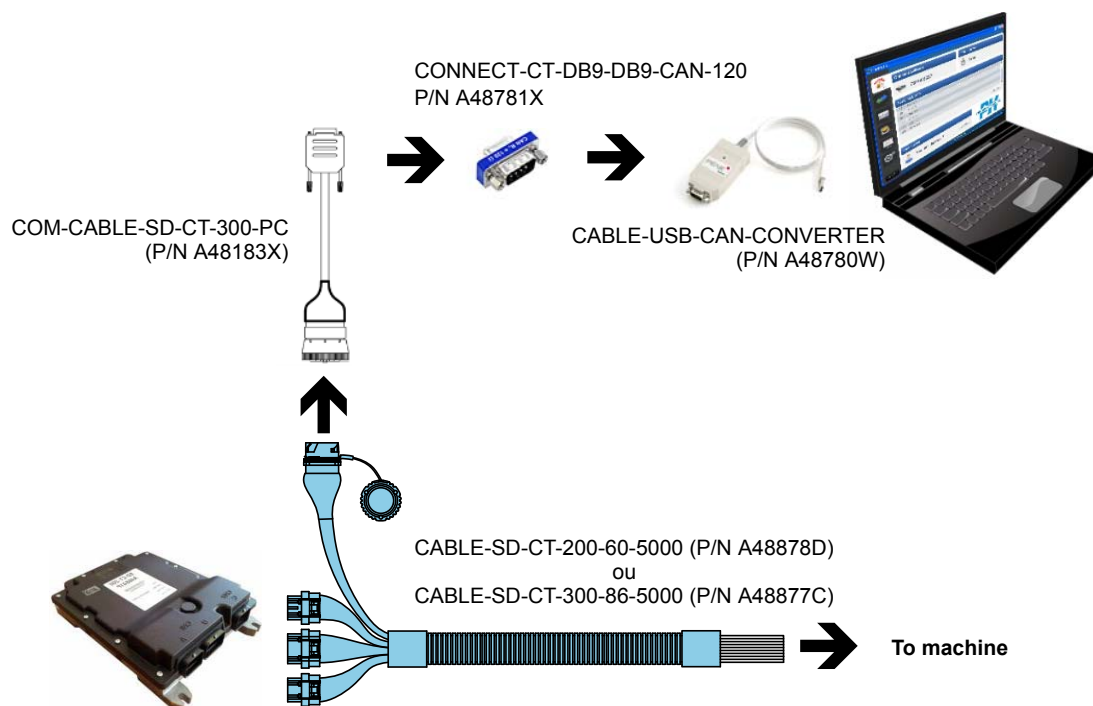
## We propose two solutions for communicating with the SmartDrive™ CT controller:

### Via the communication connector installed on the machine.

For the wiring of the connector see the table on page 20.



### Via SmartDrive™ CT cable.



## Checking the installation before starting up



The elements to be checked depend on the application of each vehicle. Please remember that each manufacturer is ultimately responsible for checking their machinery at the end of the line.








## Auxiliaries

### Main connectors



Characteristics	SD-CT-200	SD-T-300
Commercial name	KIT-CONNECT-SD-CT-200	KIT-CONNECT-SD-CT-300
Poclain Hydraulics part number	A48149L	A48140B
Function	SmartDrive™ CT controller's Counter-part connectors	
Compatibility	Electronic transmission management with SmartDrive™ CT controller	

Component		AMP reference		
Connector A		1473416-1	x1	x1
Connector B		4-1437290-1	x1	x1
Connector C		3-1437290-7	0	x1
Sockets		3-1447221-3	x65	x90
Stoppers		4-1437284-3	x50	x75
Wire section		0,75 to 1,25 mm <sup>2</sup> [0.00116 to 0.00194 in <sup>2</sup> ]		
Insulation diameter		for wire section 0,75 to 1,25 mm <sup>2</sup> [0.00116 to 0.00194 in <sup>2</sup> ] : 1,6 to 2,4 mm [0.063 to 0.094 in]		
Operating temperature		-40°C to 85°C [-40°F to 185°F]		
Ingress Protection		IP67		

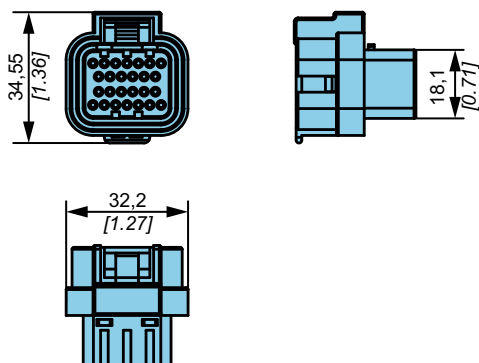
### Mounting tools for the connector

Description	AMP reference
Crimpers 	1454509-1

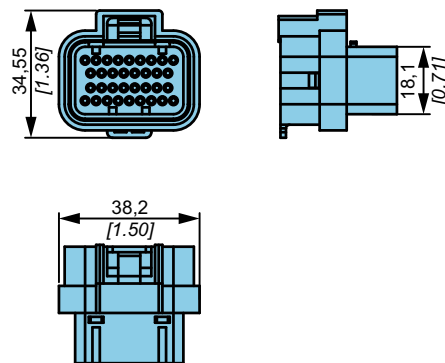


### Overall dimensions

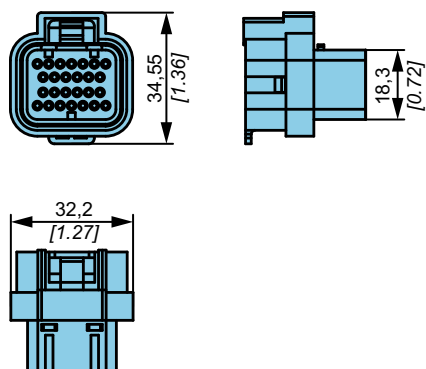
Connector A: 1473416-1



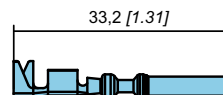
Connector B: 4-1437290-1



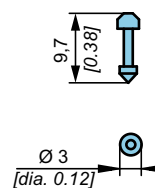
Connector C: 3-1437290-7



Socket: 3-1447221-3



Stopper: 4-1437284-3



Characteristics

Installation








If some wires are removed, stoppers must be inserted in connector cavity to ensure the sealing.





## Male connector communication



This connector has to be present on the machine to permit SmartDrive™ CT maintenance.

Commercial name		KIT-CONNECT-COM-M-SD-CT	
Part number Poclain Hydraulics		A48693C	
Function		Diagnosis and download the software embedded in the SmartDrive™ CT controller via CAN bus	
Compatibility		Electronic transmission management with SmartDrive™ CT controller	
Manufacturer		DEUTSCH	
Features		Référence	
Components		1x Receptacle	HD10-9-1939PE
		1 x Closing cap	HDC9-JDL082397
		1 x Gasket	HD10-9-GKT
		7 x pins	0460-202-1631 (AWG16-20)
		4 x Stoppers	114-017
Operating temperature		For the connector: -55°C to 125°C [-67°F to 257°F] For the gasket: -57°C to 107°C [-70.6°F to 224.6°F]	
Ingress Protection		IP67	
Wire section		0,5 to 1.0 mm <sup>2</sup> [0.019 to 0.039 in <sup>2</sup> ] (16, 18, 20 AWG)	
Insulation diameter		1,35 to 3,05 mm [0.053 to 0.12 in]	

## Mounting tools for the connector

Description	AMP reference	
Crimpers		HDT-48-00
Extractor		0411-310-1605



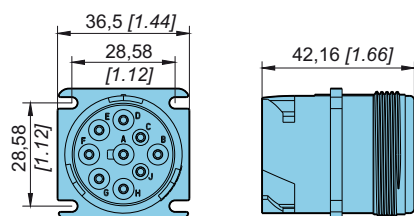
### Connector mounting

Strip the wires to a length of 5 mm [0.19 in].  
Crimp the wires onto the pins as shown in the table below.

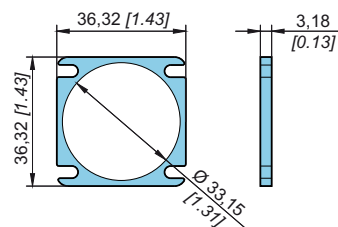
N° pin connector on SmartDrive™ CT controller		Function	N° pin male communication connector
		Ground	A
		VBAT_P	B
CAN 2 vehicle	Connector B pin 10	CAN 2 H	C
	Connector B pin 18	CAN 2 L	D
-	-	-	E
CAN 3 diagnosis	Connector A pin 13	CAN 3 H	F
	Connector A pin 6	CAN 3 L	G
CAN 1 diagnosis	Connector B pin 1	CAN 1 H	H
	Connector B pin 2	CAN 1 L	J

### Overall dimensions

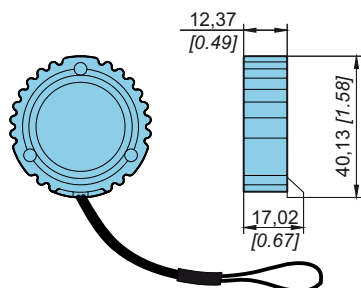
Receptacle: HD10-9-1939PE



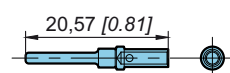
Gasket: HD10-9-GKT



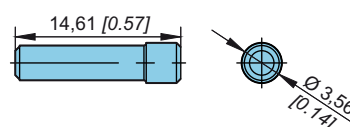
Cap: HDC9-JDL082397



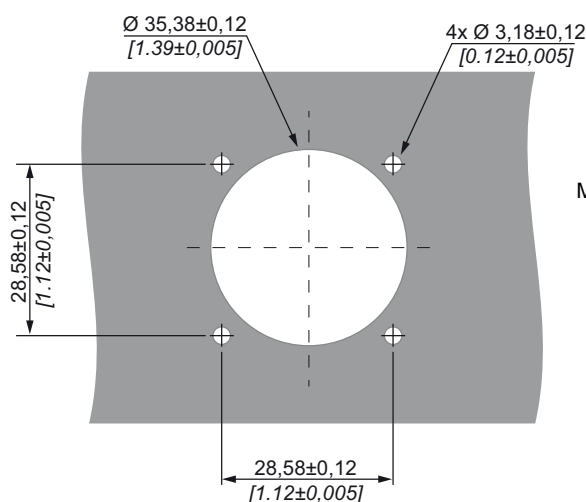
Pin: 0460-202-1631



Stopper: 114017



### Panel cutout



Maximum panel thickness: 6,35 mm [0.25 in]



Characteristics

Installation




## Connector kit 120Ω

Commercial name	KIT-PLUG-120-DTM-2S
Part number	A52539H
Manufacturer	120Ω termination resistor for CAN bus
Compatibility	Electronic transmission management with SmartDrive™ CT controller

Features	Référence		
Components		1 x receptacle	DTM04-2P-P007
		2 x connectors	DMT06-2S
		1 x wedgelock	WM-2S
		1 x wedgelock	WM-2SB
		1 x connector with integrated resistance	DMT06-2S-EP10
		7 x sockets	0462-201-2031
Operating temperature	-55°C to 125°C [-67°F to 257°F]		
Wire section	0,2 to 0,5 mm <sup>2</sup> [0.008 to 0.019 in <sup>2</sup> ]		
Insulation diameter	1,35 to 3,05 mm [0.053 to 0.12 in]		
Pin material	Gold plated		
Contact size	20		

## Mounting tools for the connector

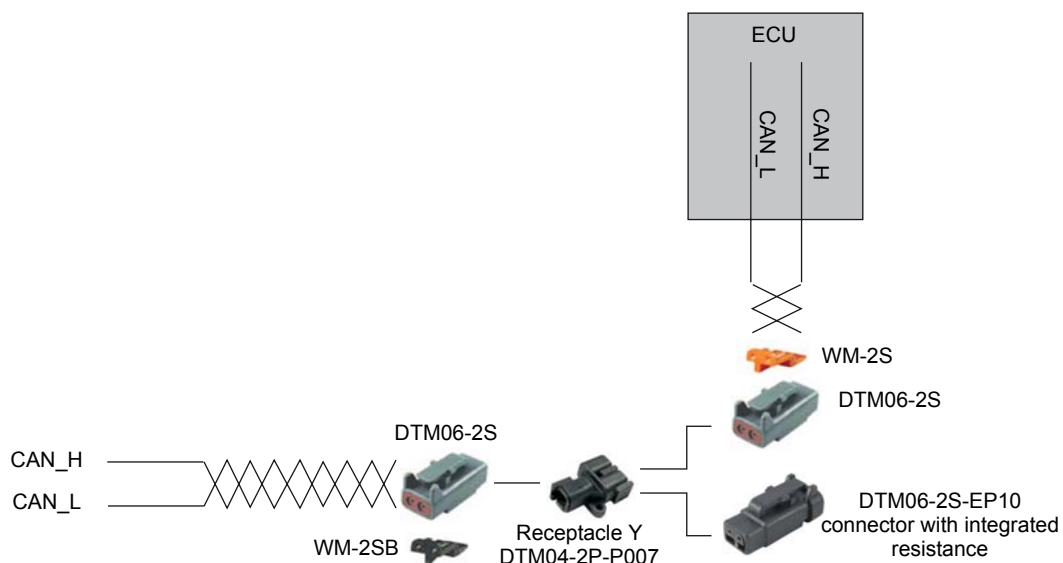
Description	AMP reference
Crimpers 	HDT-48-00



### Connector mounting

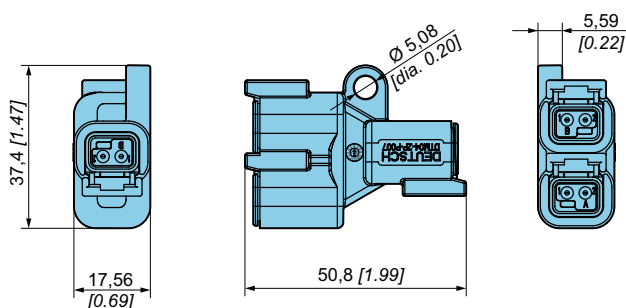
Strip the wires to a length of 5 mm [0.19 in].

Crimp the wires onto the sockets as shown in the diagram below.

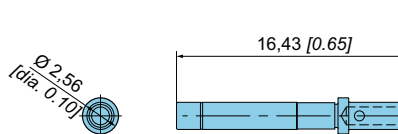


### Dimensions

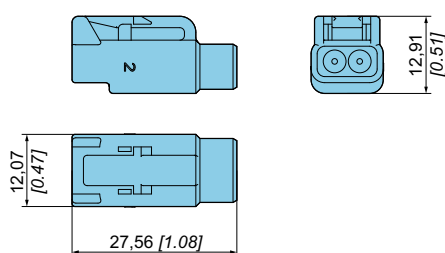
Receptacle Y: DTM04-2P-P007



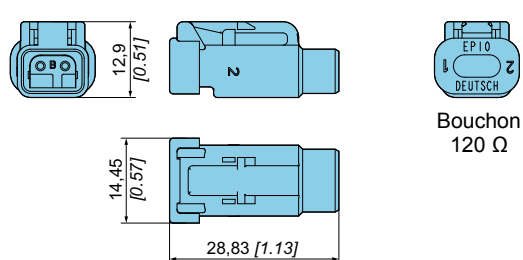
Socket: 0462-201-2031



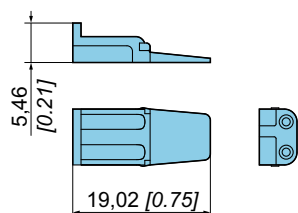
Connector: DTM06-2S



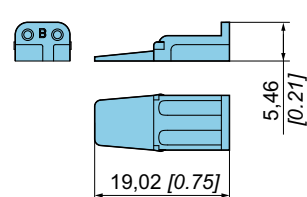
Connector with integrated resistance: DTM06-2S-EP10



Orange wedgelock: WM-2S



Black wedgelock: WM-2SB



Characteristics

Installation



## SmartDrive™ CT cable

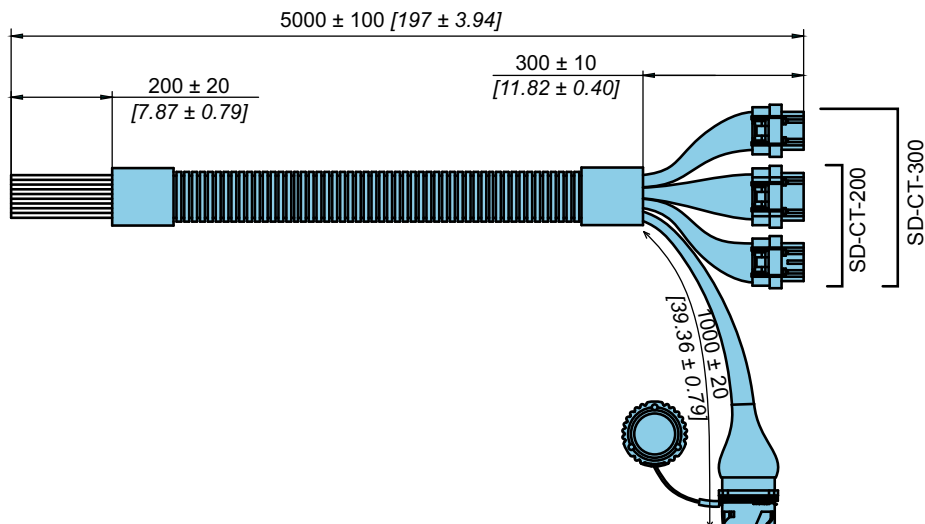
Commercial name	CABLE-SD-CT-200-60-5000	CABLE-SD-CT-300-86-5000
Part number	A48878D	A48877C
Function	Connect SmartDrive™ CT ECU to the machine wiring and have a male communication connector.	
Compatibility	Transmission management with SmartDrive™ CT ECU.	
Features		
Length of cable	5m	5m
Operating temperature	- 40°C to 85°C [-40 °F to 185°F]	
Ingress protection	IP67 according to IEC 60529	
Number of wires	60	86
Number of stoppers	50 (Tyco ref : 4-1437284-3)	75 (Tyco ref : 4-1437284-3)
Wire section	0,75 mm² [0.029 in²] for signals 1 mm² [0.039 in²] for VBAT_P and power outputs 1,25 mm² [0.049 in²] for VBAT_D1, VBAT_D2, VBAT_D3 and -VBAT	
Insulation diameter	1,6 to 2,2 mm [0.063 to 0.086 in]	

Each wire is numbered with locating pin and connector.

For the CAN bus, the identification is performed by different colour for each pin. (see table- CAN Wire colour)

CAN Wire colour	
Function	Colour
CAN1_High	White
CAN1_Low	Green
CAN2_High	White
CAN2_Low	Red
CAN3_High	White
CAN3_Low	Blue

## Dimensions



The non used wires should be individually insulated because of possible voltage.



In case of some wires are removed, stoppers must be inserted in connector cavity to ensure the sealing.





## PC PHASES™ CT software combined with SmartDrive™ CT

PHASES™ CT enables :

### Set-up

The settings of the SmartDrive™ CT may need to be changed if there is a change in characteristics or operating conditions.

The PHASES™ CT software manages 3 access levels to settings:

- Service,
- Manufacturer,
- Expert.

The last two levels are restricted to technicians with specific training (access restricted through password).

### Downloading

Using a PC and the PHASES™ CT software allows to :

- Download the software to the SmartDrive™ CT;
- Send and retrieve set-up files.



**Any modification of the value of a setting must be carried out by a qualified engineer trained by the machine manufacturer. The Poclain Hydraulics technical support team can advise you in defining your settings.**

**Modifications to the settings may require a new qualification of the machine. If in doubt, contact your Poclain Hydraulics sales engineer.**

### Calibration

The PHASES™ CT software allows to calibrate the minimum, maximum and neutral positions of the sensors installed on the machine in order to optimize the system's operation.



**For further information, see PHASES™ CT user guide no. A48679M.**

### Diagnostics

The PHASES™ CT software enables the user to download the system's operating data. The data collected is used to identify possible malfunctions.

### Study of the system

Our sales engineers will analyze your specific needs to facilitate the integration of Poclain Hydraulics components into your system.

### Training

Available on request.





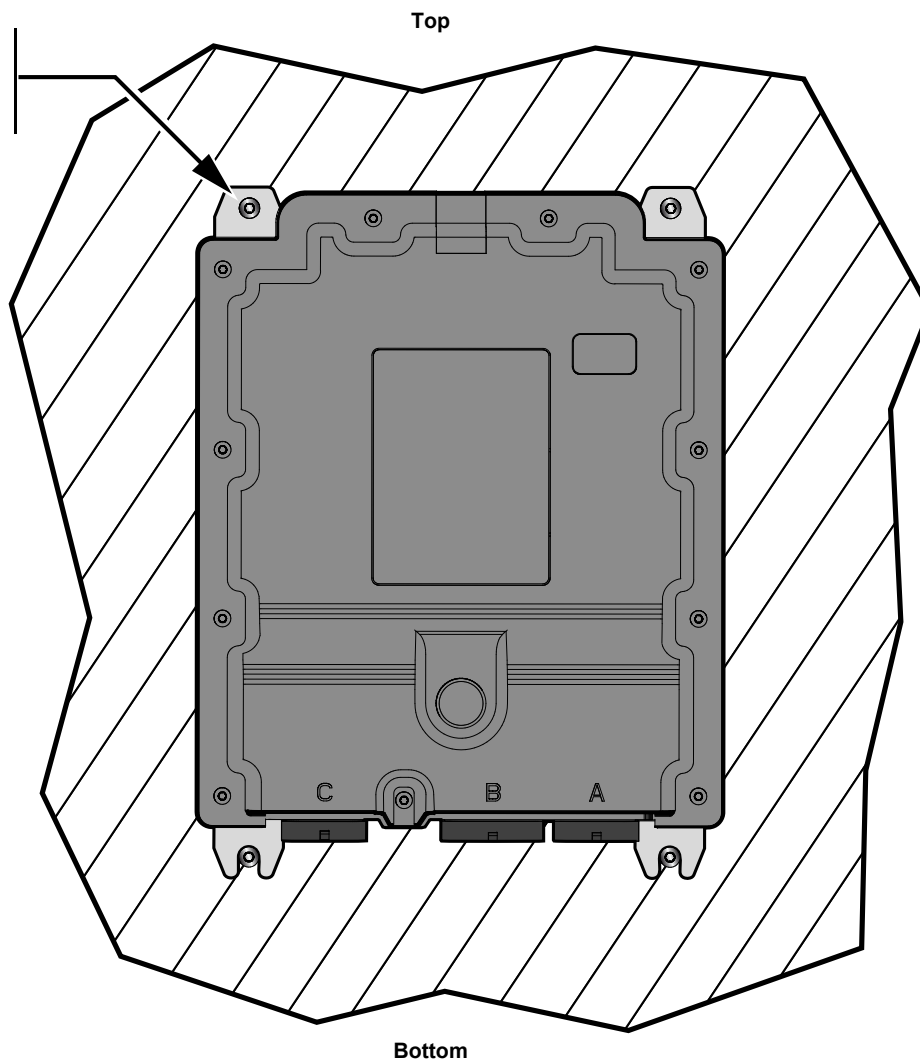
# INSTALLATION

## Fitting the controller

The controller must be fixed on a rigid support. Make sure that there is enough space to fit the connector (min. 65 mm [*min. 2.56 in*]). The controller shall be preferably mounted in vertical position (connectors at the bottom) to enhance ventilation and avoid dust accumulation on cooling fins.

The controller's housing has to be connected to the ground (chassis) of the vehicle and to be installed on a flat surface (flatness of 0,5/100x100mm [*3.94x3.94 in*]).

Screw (X4): M6  
Nut (x4): M6  
Shim (x4) : M6  
Tightening torque: 6 Nm



Characteristics

Installation

## Machine wiring recommendations

- All the cables must be encased in flexible metal or plastic sleeveings;
- All cables or sleeveings must be held well in place and locked in to prevent pull-out;
- Bring the sleeveing supports close together;
- The sleeveings must be able to slide into the anchoring;
- Avoid mechanical stresses in the cables;
- Do not place the cables or sleeveings close to moving or vibrating parts;
- Do not lay the sleeveings along sharp angles. Protect them at each bend;
- Avoid laying the sleeveings too close to high heat sources;
- Use wires with abrasion-resistant sleeveings;
- Use cables that resist temperatures between 85°C [*185°F*] and 105°C [*221°F*] close to heat sources;
- Use cables that resist temperature of -40°C [*-40°F*];
- Separate power cables from control cables;
- Pass the cables inside the machine, ensuring as much contact as possible with metal surfaces (steel). This will act as a shield against electromagnetic radiation.



## Recommandations for use of SmartDrive™ CT controller

### Temperature:



- Do not put the controller in a storage environment  $< -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  [ $-40^{\circ}\text{F}$ ] and  $> +90^{\circ}\text{C}$  [ $194^{\circ}\text{F}$ ].
- Do not place the controller operating in an environment  $< -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  [ $-40^{\circ}\text{F}$ ] and  $> 85^{\circ}\text{C}$  [ $185^{\circ}\text{F}$ ].

### Sealing:



Controller shall not be open during life cycle.

### Shock:



Controller shall not drop on concrete floor or on any other similar surface.

### Software:



Controller shall be downloaded with applicative software before any use on machine.

### Communication:



It is imperative to respect the maximum length of CAN bus according to the speed as described in the ISO 11898-2 standard.



## Machine safety recommendations

Poclain Hydraulics has identified requirements for the controller, sensors and actuators to meet and satisfy the requirements of a performance level d according to ISO 13849-1 (PLd) at the vehicle system. To qualify for a performance level d (PLd) it is imperative to adhere to at least the following.



**A risk analysis must be conducted by the manufacturer to ensure the non-hazardous nature of the machine in case of failure of one of these components.**

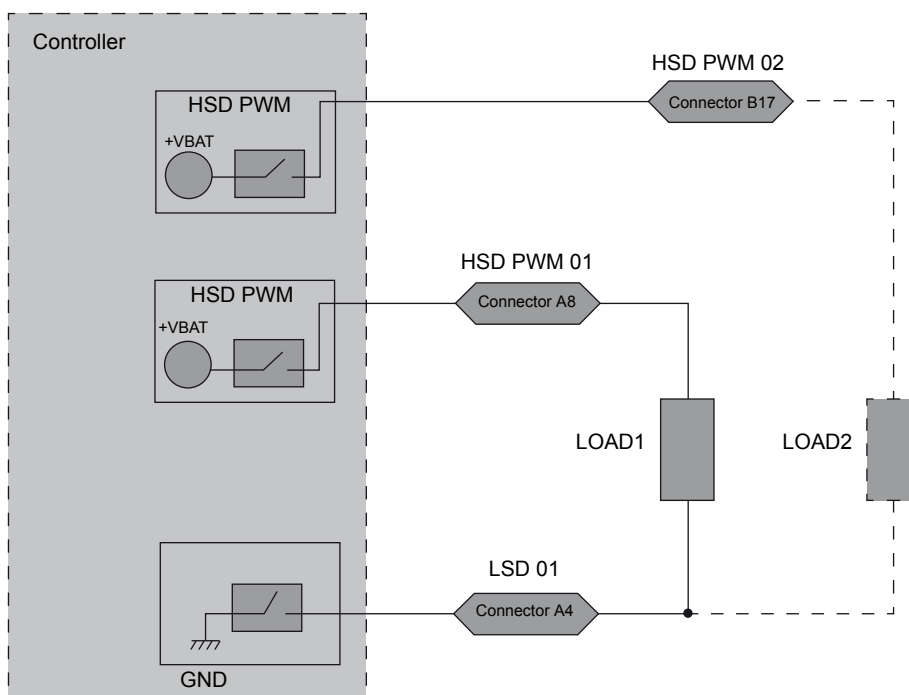


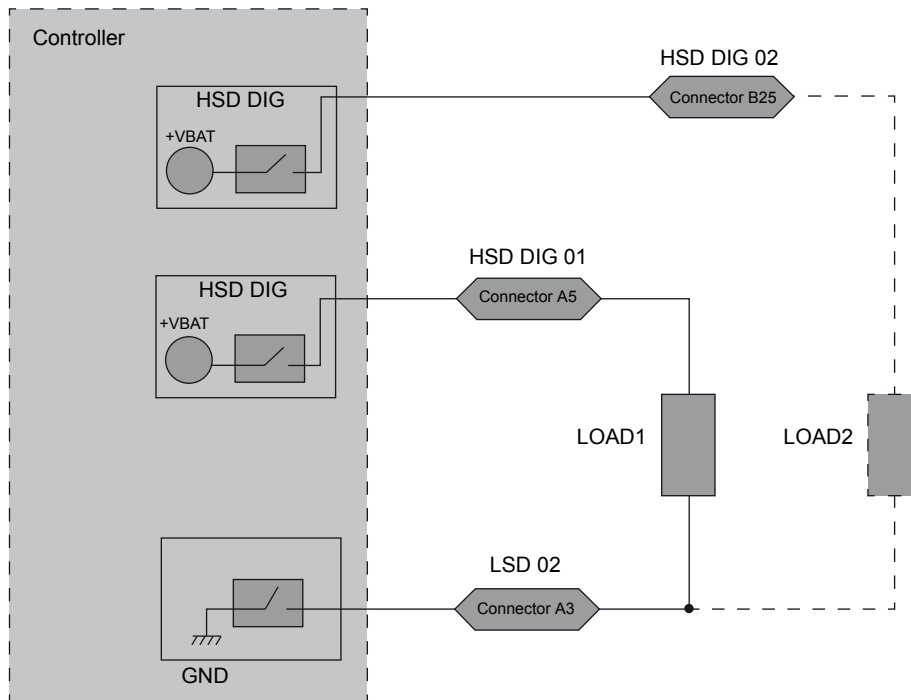
**The safe state is the opening of HSD and LSD. The customer must realize a safety analysis of the machine to check that there is no safety aspect due to the opening of the HSD and LSD.**

### HSL/LSD wiring :

Any safety critical actuator or load must be wired to one HSD, and must have its ground return wired to one LSD. Several actuators or loads can be wired on HSD or LSD, provided they meet the maximum current delivered by HSD and LSD.

**In the case of one (or two) PWM output(s)**

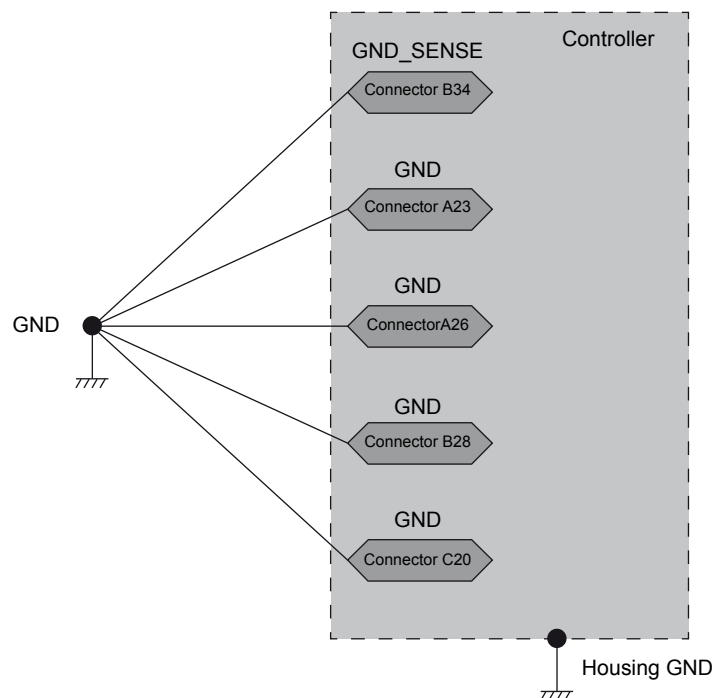


**In the case of one (or two) digital output(s)**

For safe wiring with 2 loads, it is imperative to check the maximum current through the load named LOAD1 and this through the load named LOAD2 is compatible with the maximum current of LSD receiving these two currents.

**GND\_SENSE Wiring:**

Wiring must be observed is illustrated in the following figure:



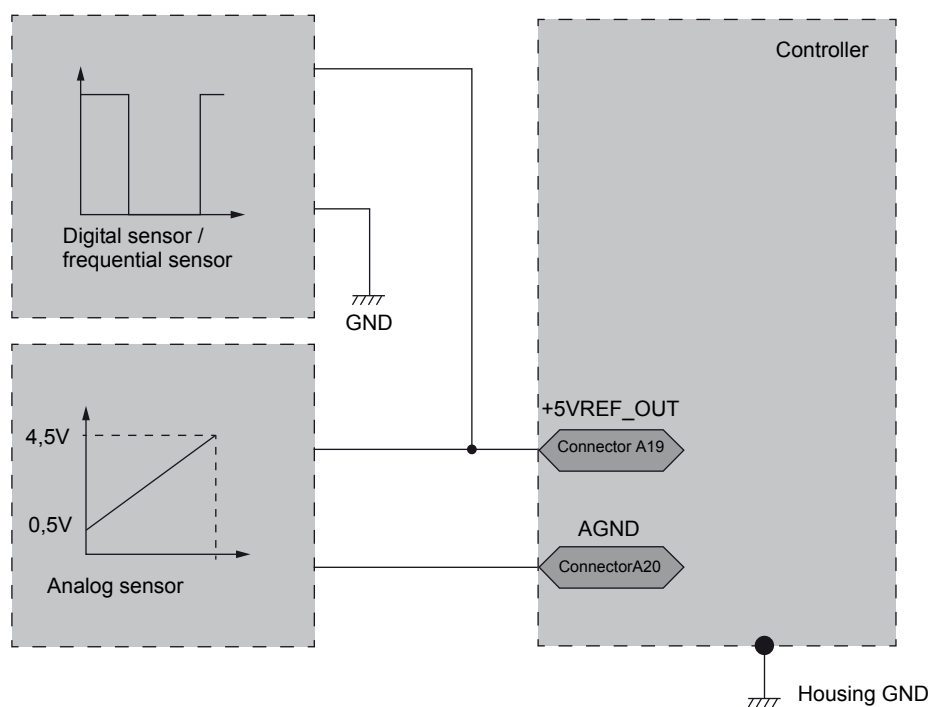
The function of this pin enables the controller to cut the outputs in the event of loss of GND. GND\_SENSE pin and GND pins must always be connected together in a single connection point (for information GND Pin C-20 is only available on SD-CT-300).

The housing of the controller must be connected to ground (chassis) of the vehicle.



### Sensors with sensitive signals:

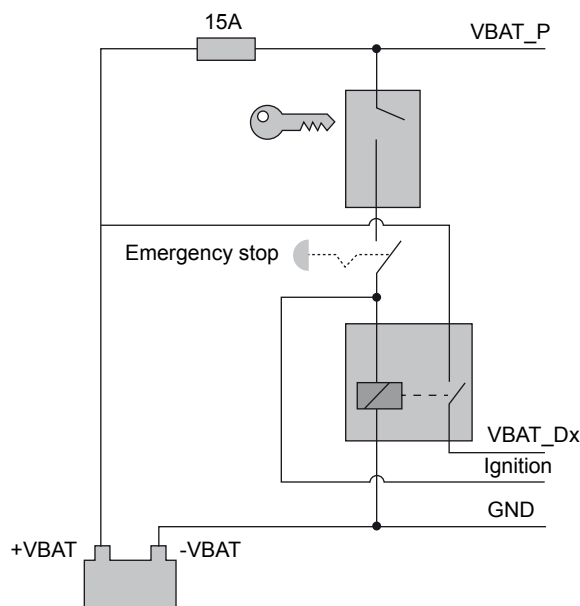
All analog sensors must be wired on the ground A\_GND (analog ground) without any other connections to ground vehicle. All digital and frequency sensors must be wired to GND.



### Emergency stop:

Poclain Hydraulics recommends that you first do the wiring for an emergency stop button that can be easily accessed by the driver. The button should stop the engine and cut off the power supply of the controller SmartDrive™ CT.

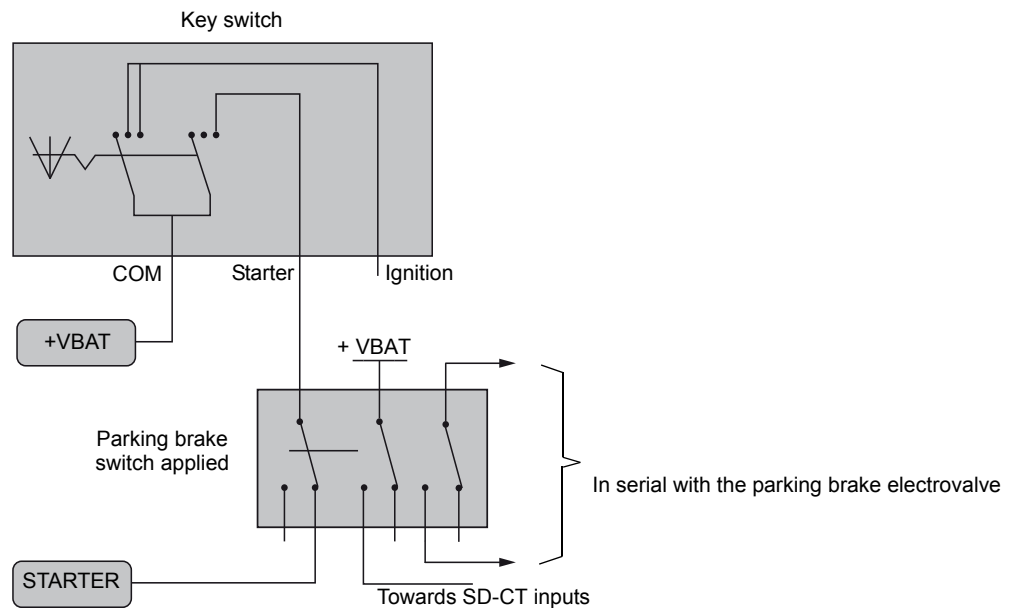
Diagram:



**Parking brake:**

To prevent vehicle movement during engine start, it is recommended to wire parking brake switch in serial with starter.

Diagram:



**Do not connect the SD-CT input with the parking brake electrovalve.**

**Parking brake lamp:**

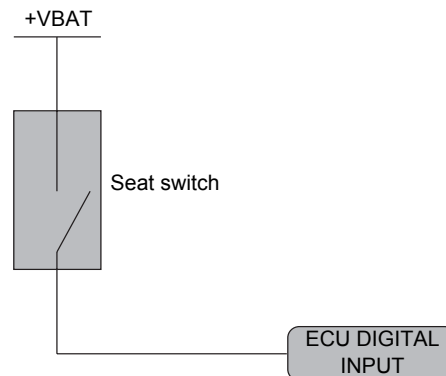
A lamp on the dashboard must give the real status of the parking brake.

The logic must be as follows:

- Lamp on, parking brake applied;
- Lamp off, parking brake released.

**Seat switch:**

The seat switch is used to check the presence of the driver of the machine, when the driver is seated the switch is closed. The seat switch has to be wired according to the following illustration:

**Controller:**

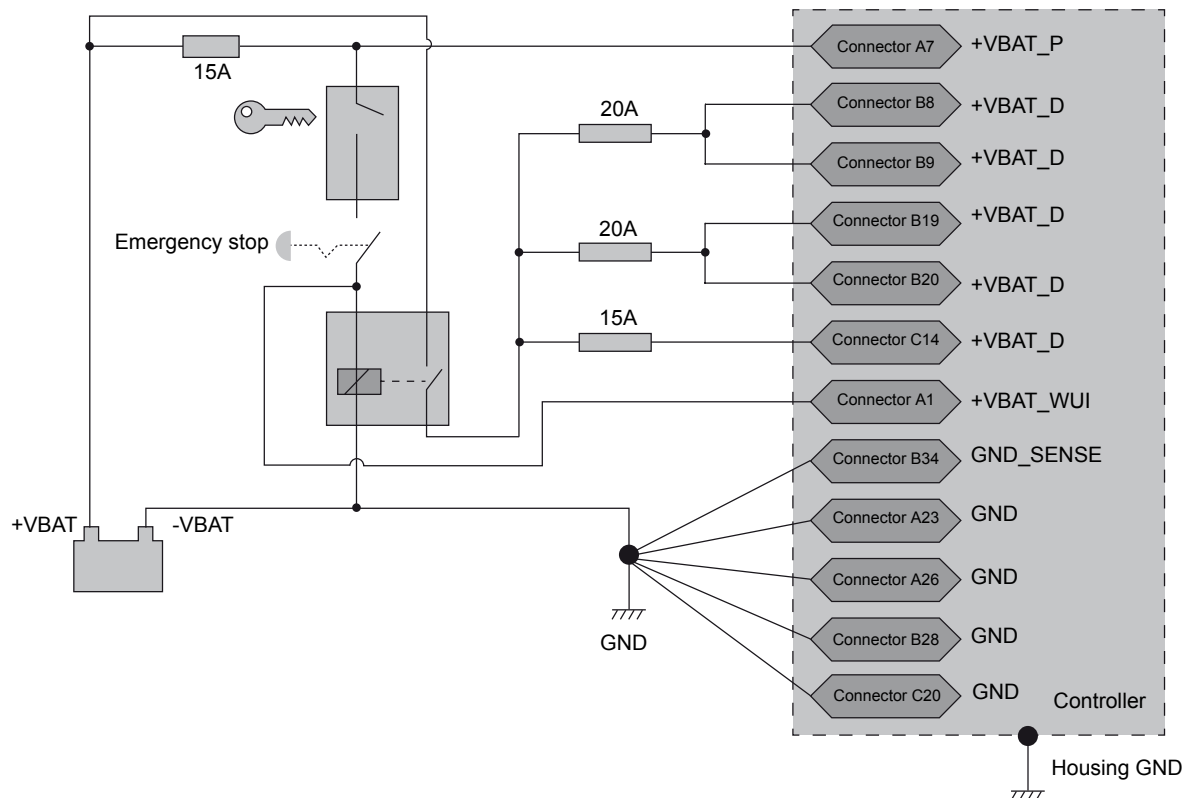
**Controller safe state is de-activation of all outputs.**



**CAN bus:**

The CAN bus must be wired using shielded or unshielded twisted pair. CAN bus must be wired according to SAE J1939-11 or SAE J1939-15.

In case the controller SmartDrive™ CT is in end of the line, add a termination resistor of 120Ω. For this Poclair Hydraulics offers 120Ω connector kit (see page 22).

**Supply:**

The correct wiring of the power supply pins ( +VBAT\_P, +VBAT\_Dx, VBAT\_WUI+ ) and pin connected to ground, is shown in previous figure ( +VBAT\_D3 only available on SD-CT-300).

Power rails must be connected through an automotive fuse SAE J1284 20A for +VBAT\_D1 and +VBAT\_D2 and 15A on +VBAT\_D3.

**CAN messages information:**

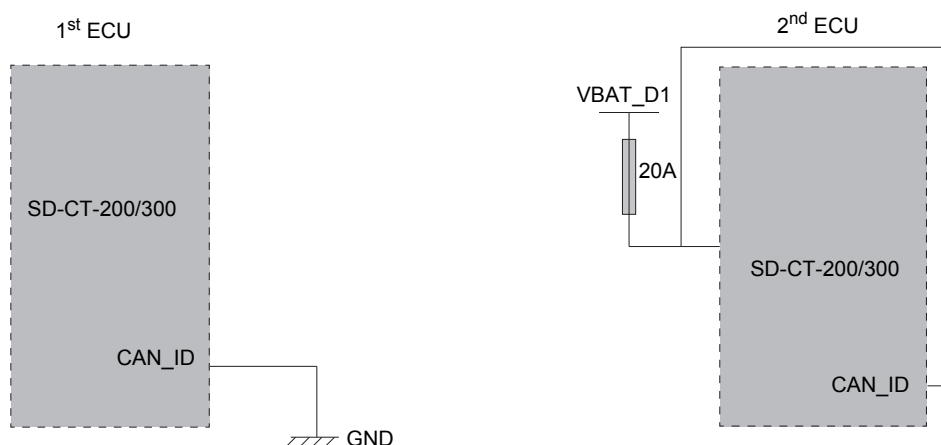
**All CAN messages information sent by Poclair ECU cannot be used for safety application. For safety critical data by CAN, please contact your Poclair Hydraulics application engineer.**

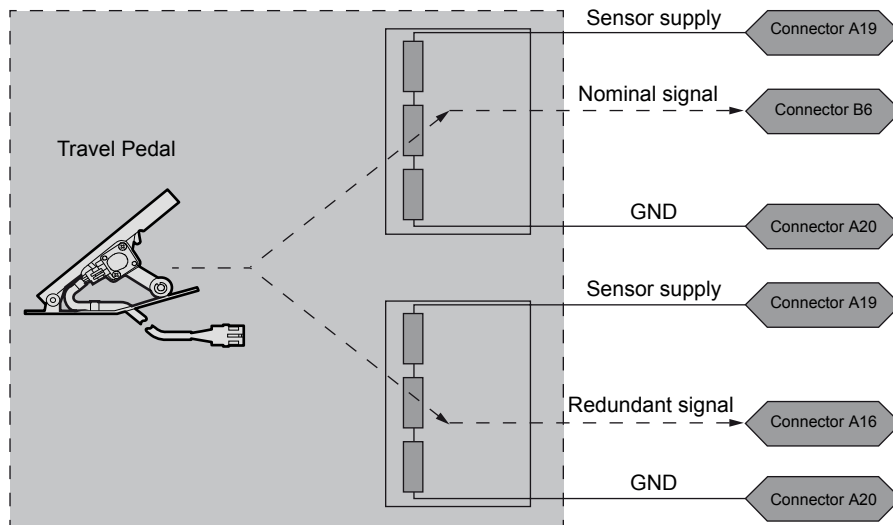
**CAN ID:**

The pin CAN ID (connector A pin 9) is not used when there is only 1 ECU. When 2 ECU's are used, CAN ID has to be connected to GND on 1<sup>st</sup> ECU and to +VBAT with a fuse on 2<sup>nd</sup> ECU.

1<sup>st</sup> ECU: it's necessary to connect CAN ID to the ground without intermediate device (resistor, fuse, ... in order to there is effect on the level on CAN ID).

2<sup>nd</sup> ECU: It's necessary to connect CAN ID to the VBAT through a fuse-protected line main switch. This fuse has to be monitored so that a short circuit to ground resulting in blowing this fuse can be detected (either through VBATx other than VBATP monitoring or with a dedicated input).



**Sensors:****Travel pedal**

Safety requirements for compliance PLd, the sensor must:

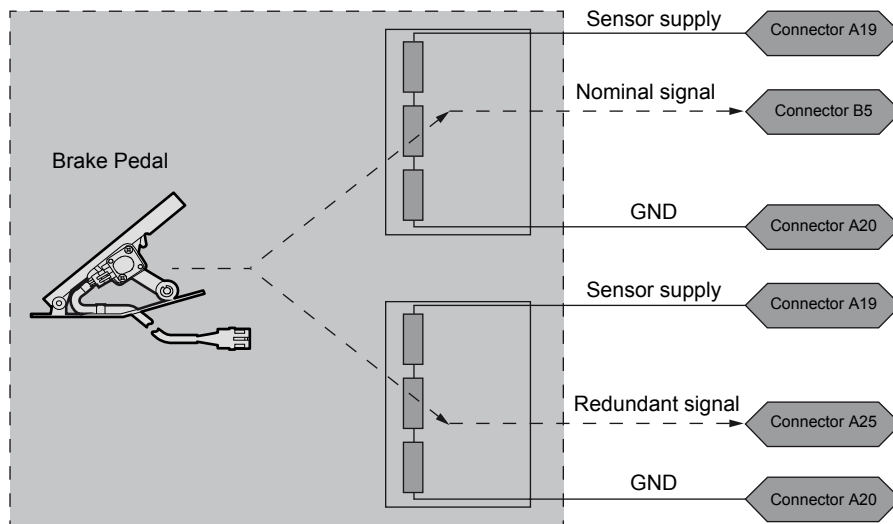
- be powered by the +5 V OUT (A-19) and A\_GND (A-20)
- provide two independent signals:
  - These signals must be between 0.5 V and 4.5 V to detect open circuits and short circuits.
  - The signal source should be 0.5 V when the pedal is released and 4.5 V when the pedal is fully depressed.

It is imperative to perform a calibration in operations of installation / commissioning and maintenance / repair on safety-critical inputs (pedal, joystick, ...), to take account of the complete measurement chain (physical implementation, sensor, harness, controller ...).

In the case of potentiometric sensors, the additional requirement is taken into account:

$500\Omega < \text{sensor resistance} < 5k\Omega$ .

The customer has to use a travel pedal for EMC directive of machine application field (Offroad/Onroad).

**Brake pedal**

Safety requirements for compliance PLd, the sensor must:

- be powered by the +5 V OUT (A-19) and A\_GND (A-20)
- provide two independent signals:
  - These signals must be between 0.5 V and 4.5 V to detect open circuits and short circuits.
  - The signal source should be 0.5 V when the pedal is released and 4.5 V when the pedal is fully depressed.

It is imperative to perform a calibration in operations of installation / commissioning and maintenance / repair on safety-critical inputs (pedal, joystick, ...), to take account of the complete measurement chain (physical implementation, sensor, harness, controller ...).

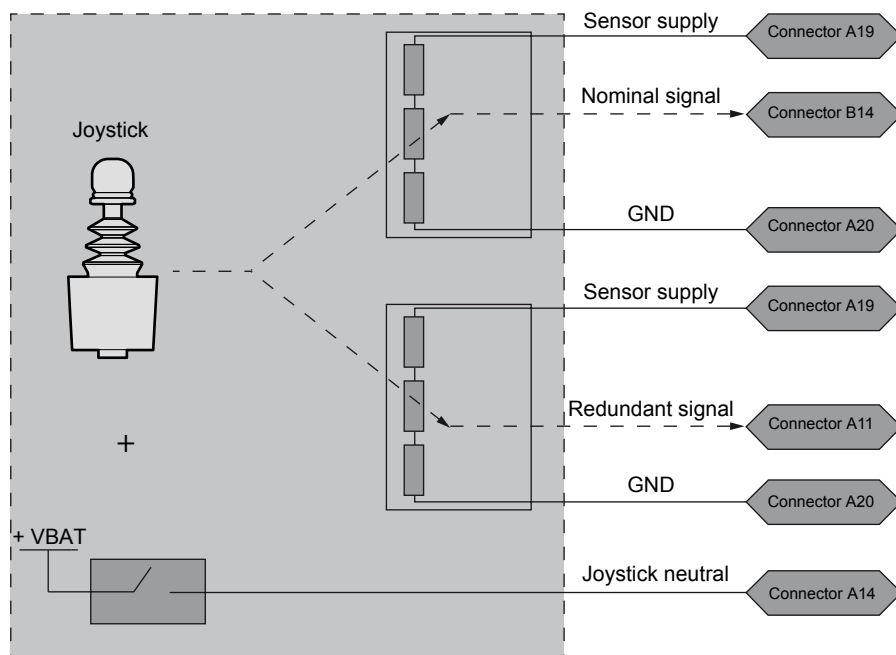
In the case of potentiometric sensors, the additional requirement is taken into account:

$500\Omega < \text{sensor resistance} < 5k\Omega$ .

The customer has to use a brake pedal agreed for EMC directive of machine application field (Offroad/Onroad).



## Joystick



Safety requirements for compliance PLd, the joystick must:

- be powered by the +5 V OUT (A-19) and A\_GND (A-20)
- provide two independent signals:
  - These signals must be between 0.5 V and 4.5 V to detect open circuits and short circuits.
  - The source signal will vary from 2.5 V to 4.5 V for forward and 2.5 V to 0.5 V for reverse.
  - Provide a neutral signal (VBAT contact in forward or reverse).

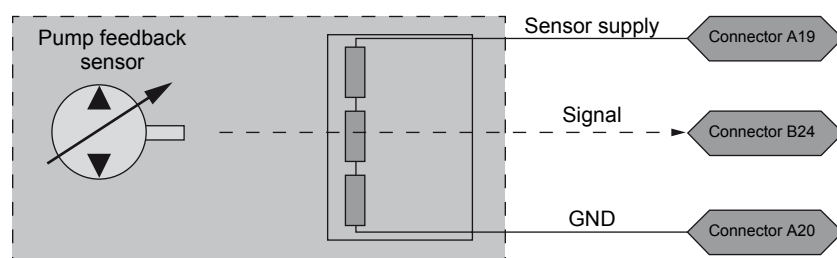
It is imperative to perform a calibration in operations of installation / commissioning and maintenance / repair on safety-critical inputs (pedal, joystick, ...), to take account of the complete measurement chain (physical implementation, sensor harness, controller ...).

In the case of potentiometric sensors, the additional requirements are taken into account:

$500\Omega < \text{sensor resistance} < 5k\Omega$

The customer has to use a joystick agreed for EMC directive of machine application field (Offroad/Onroad).

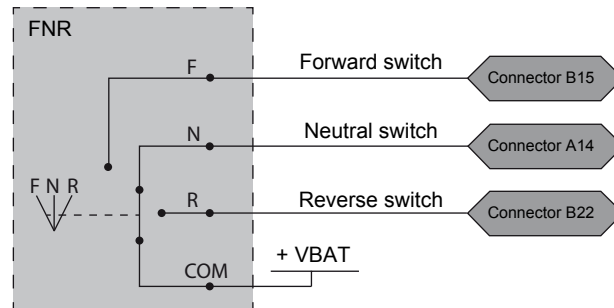
## Feedback sensor



Safety requirements for compliance PLd, the sensor must:

- be powered by the +5 V OUT (A-19) and A\_GND (A-20)
- providing an output signal centered on 2.5 V and ranging from 0.5 V to 4.5 V to detect open circuits and short circuits.

The customer has to use a pump feedback sensor agreed for EMC directive of machine application field (Offroad/Onroad).

**FNR**

Safety requirements for compliance PLd, the sensor must:

- Provide three logic signals remain independent, compatible with universal input
- not be connected to loads (valve) in parallel
- have gold contacts



**Coherency between direction switches: the customer must use a neutral switch on joystick or a neutral switch on FNR lever.**

**Speed sensor**

The customer has to use a speed sensor agreed for EMC directive of machine application field (Offroad/Onroad).

**Redundant inputs**

Primary input	Redundant input
UN_01	UN_06
UN_02	UN_07
UN_03	UN_08
UN_04	UN_12
UN_05	UN_13
AN_01	AN_09
AN_02	AN_10
AN_03	AN_11
AN_04	AN_12
AN_05	AN_13
FIN_01	FIN_05
FIN_02	FIN_06
FIN_03	FIN_07

**Installation and commissioning:**

Upon system design and configuration, it could be needed to perform calibrations of safety critical inputs, to take into account the complete measurement chain (physical implementation, sensor, harness, controller...).

**Maintenance and repair:**

Any maintenance or repair of the controller shall be done according to the warranty terms. Otherwise, the integrity of the controller and the effectiveness of safety principles can not be guaranteed.

**Precaution before maintenance and repair:**

Before any maintenance or repair or decommissioning the controller must be disconnected from the power source, in particular before disconnecting interfaces connectors. To perform this operation, it is recommended to disconnect the battery fully after complete stop of the vehicle and its engine.

**Operation after maintenance and repair:**

After maintenance or repair of the machine, it is necessary to perform a calibration of the safety inputs.



## Caution during electric welding:



The connectors on the controller and associated sensors must be disconnected during the electric welding process.

## Pump:



The safety state of a hydrostatic transmission is stopped vehicle by a rapid and mastered return to neutral of the pump.

To do so, it is necessary to add:

- restrictors to be correctly sized depending on the application, the machine ... When using multi- displacements motors, it could be necessary to use a bypass valve for these restrictors.
- A cut-off valve, allowing to bypass the supply of the pump. It's customer responsibility to test it.

## Responsibility:



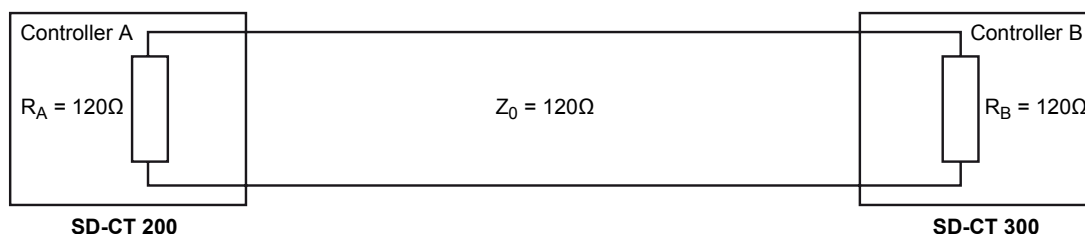
Safety measures when installing our products remain the responsibility of the machine manufacturer. They must comply with applicable laws in the country or state.

## Recommendations for CAN communication wiring

## Communication:



To avoid glitches, mitigation signals or data collisions, it is required to use specific CAN bus cable with an impedance  $120\Omega$  characteristic (twisted pair), in order to achieve impedance matching (transmission of whole power).



## Assembly instruction:



The controller must be mounted in vertical position with the electrical connections at the bottom.

## Wiring:



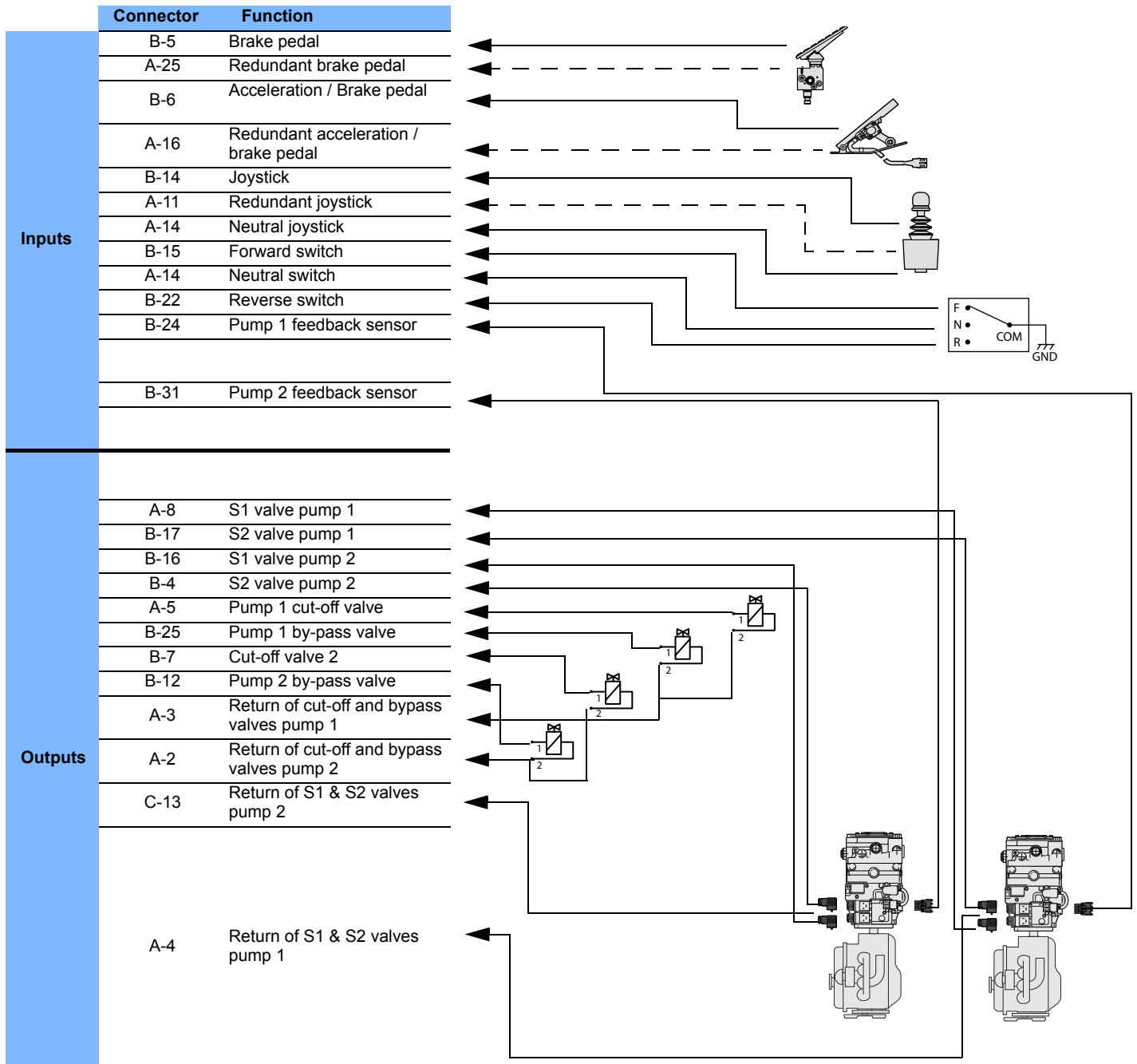
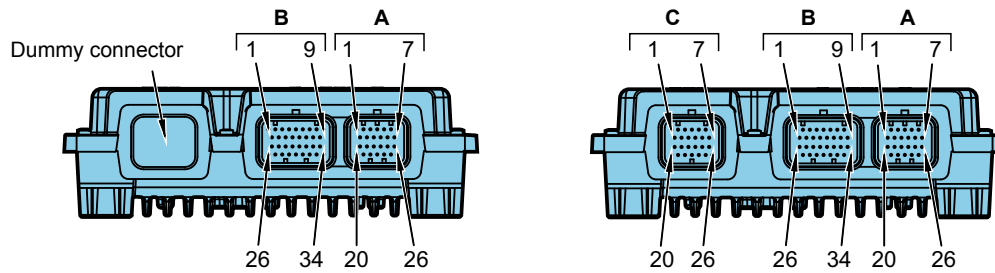
The harness must meet the information and constraints of cables (see Table Pin description page 13).



The following assignments are to be respected so the safety features of controller SmartDrive™ CT still use the same input / output.



Wiring schematic for transmission safety organs:





## Checking of the electrical environment

The PHASES™ CT software enables you to view any anomalies detected by the SmartDrive™ CT controller, by delivering an error code, a brief explanation and a list of possible causes. In particular, it indicates:

- Short-circuit type electrical anomalies on the ground, or the 5V;
- Cabling errors: switch allocated/not allocated to a given part;
- input/output malfunctions.



Calibration can detect some cable configuration errors (see next chapter).

## First level diagnostic

### Fault warning lamp on dashboard:

The warning lamp flashes if there is a fault. Otherwise, it remains off.

## Checking of the hydraulic environment



Refer to the information on commissioning provided in the "Motor generic installation" brochure n° 801478197L.



## Starting up the engine



Place the machine on the wheel blocks.  
Set up a safety area.  
Observe all personnel safety instructions.

Put the **F/N/R** (Forward/Neutral/Reverse) shift lever in the neutral position. Apply the parking brake.  
Switch on the controller.  
Start the engine, and wait until the charge pressure is established.



Press the emergency stop button and check that it stops the engine and cuts off power to the SmartDrive™ CT controller.

Start the engine again and then use the PHASES™ CT software in the input/output diagnostic module to check that the readings of the various sensors (switch, potentiometer sensors, etc.) are displayed correctly when you actuate them.

### Calibrating all the parts

This calibration is carried out using PHASES™ CT. See its user manuals.

### Activating pump displacement

Release the parking brake.  
Put the **F/N/R** shift lever (or switch or joystick) in the Forward Drive position.  
Gently depress the travel pedal; the wheels must turn slowly forward.



Limit the wheel rotation speed to 10% of their maximum speed when the machine is on wheel blocks.

Check the pressure levels.

## Checking the system's specific functions on wheel blocks

**The forward/reverse ground drive direction** using the joystick or switch.

### Return to neutral

- Put the gear shift in neutral when in ground drive: the machine will decelerate in accordance with the programmed deceleration ramp.

### Reversal

- Reverse when in ground drive: the wheels of the machine will decelerate then accelerate in the opposite direction depending on the pedal position.

### Braking

- Test the parking brake: activating it deactivates the travel pedal.
- Test the emergency brake by fully depressing the brake pedal.

## Checking that the system works on wheels

Repeat the previous tests (except tests of braking).  
Test the functions that are specific to your application (anti-stall, cruise control, etc)



A functional check of the parking brake must be carried out each time it is used as an auxiliary brake (or emergency brake). For all vehicles capable of speeds over 25 km/h, please contact your Poclain Hydraulics application engineer.





Characteristics

Installation





Characteristics

Installation



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